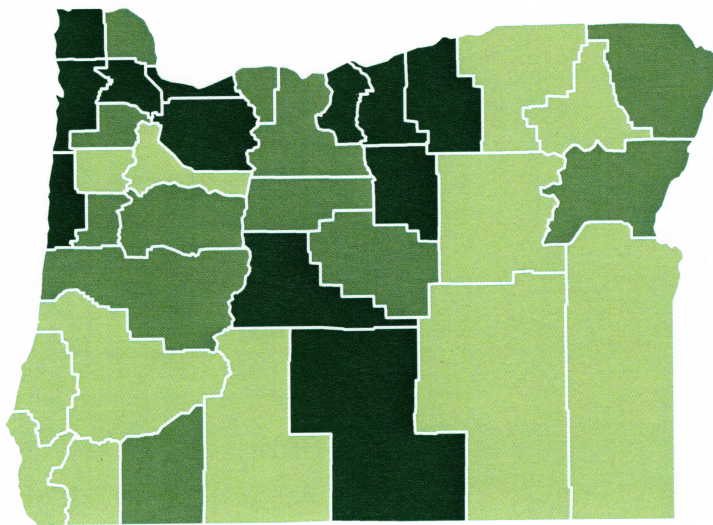


PROPERTY TAX PER PERSON

Definition: The per-capita property tax imposed, calculated as the total property tax imposed divided by the number of people in the county.

Property tax serves as an important source of revenue for local governments. Per-capita property tax is an indicator of the capacity of local government to provide services such as public safety, roads and other infrastructure, parks/recreation, and public health. It is also a measure of relative tax burden. Property tax imposed excludes taxes allocated to urban renewal agencies and special assessments.



Top third
 Middle third
 Bottom third

Rank	County	Amount
1	Gilliam	\$4,546
2	Sherman	\$3,892
3	Morrow	\$2,708
4	Lincoln	\$2,035
5	Tillamook	\$1,914
6	Clatsop	\$1,784
7	Deschutes	\$1,764
8	Multnomah	\$1,744
9	Clackamas	\$1,718
10	Washington	\$1,633
11	Lake	\$1,593
12	Wheeler	\$1,492
Urban		\$1,474
Oregon		\$1,427
13	Benton	\$1,358
14	Lane	\$1,283
15	Wasco	\$1,259
16	Jackson	\$1,226
17	Columbia	\$1,222
Rural		\$1,191
18	Hood River	\$1,187
19	Wallowa	\$1,173
20	Crook	\$1,156
21	Yamhill	\$1,150
22	Linn	\$1,136
23	Baker	\$1,099
24	Jefferson	\$1,097
25	Curry	\$1,076
26	Marion	\$1,065
27	Umatilla	\$1,030
28	Polk	\$1,020
29	Grant	\$987
30	Harney	\$970
31	Klamath	\$945
32	Coos	\$938
33	Union	\$873
34	Douglas	\$842
35	Malheur	\$754
36	Josephine	\$738

Source: Oregon Department of Revenue, Property Tax Statistics Table 1.6, 2016, updated annually. Released 2016.